

# **Glutathione Beads**

Cat. 1005-5/10/25

GST-tag affinity purification gel

Version 1.3 03.07

## **Introduction**

Adar Biotech's **Glutathione Beads** are used for the purification of glutathione S-transferase (GST) tagged proteins, produced using various commercial expression vectors. GST-fused proteins can be purified from bacterial lysates by one-step affinity purification.

Adar biotech **Glutathione Beads** is state of the art affinity-resin product that consists of glutathione attached through sulfur to an epoxy-activated 4% cross-linked beaded agarose. The use of the **Glutathione Beads** enables the purification of various GST-fused proteins, while maintaining mild, non-denaturing conditions throughout the purification process.

### **Glutathione Beads characteristics.**

Matrix: Sepharose CL-4B Activation method: Oxiran.

Binding capacity: 4-8 mg/ml recombinant GST.

Bead size: 40-165 µm

Bead structure: Highly cross-linked spherical agarose, 4%

Max back pressure: 0.3 MPa, 3 bar Max. flow rates: 4 ml/min/cm<sup>2</sup>

Recommended flow rate: 1-2 ml/min/cm<sup>2</sup>

Stability of the matrix: pH 4-10.

Storage: 4°C in PBS pH 7.4 added with NaN<sub>3</sub> 0.1% (w/v) as preservatives.

## **Protocol: GST-tagged protein purification**

#### A. Buffers needed

Lysis buffer (5 ml): Your choice of lysis buffer (preferably does not contain reducing agents and chelators).

Column equilibration buffer (100 ml): Phosphate buffer saline (PBS) pH 7.4

Binding buffer (10 ml): PBS pH 7.4

Wash buffer: (200 ml): PBS pH 7.4 optional PBS plus 1% Triton X-100. Elution buffer (200 ml): 10 mM reduced Glutathione in 50mM Tris-HCl, pH 8

Regeneration buffer (200 ml): 0.1 M borate buffer pH 4.5 plus 0.5 M NaCl. Storage buffer: 2 M NaCl plus 0.1% w/v sodium azide as preservative

### B. Cell lysis (recommended protocol)

- 1. Thaw frozen cells pellet and resuspend in 5 ml of Lysis buffer. Bacterial culture volume processed for purification may be between 50-250 ml in volume. Thaw cell pellet and suspend in lysis buffer of your preference (not supplied). Lysis buffers may contain reducing agents or chelators. Mix thoroughly to create homogenate.
- 2. Sonicate or homogenize on ice to lyse cells (i.e. six 10 sec long sonication cycles with 5 sec pauses between).
- 3. Centrifuge lysate at  $10,000 \times g$  for 20 min at 4°C. Collect supernatant. Save 20  $\mu$ l of the supernatant for SDS-PAGE analysis. Place collected supernatant on ice, or freeze until purification column is ready to use.

#### C. Purification

- 1. Mix 5 ml of the Glutathione Beads slurry thoroughly until homogeneous suspension is visible. Transfer the gel suspension into an appropriate column with inner diameter of 1.0 to 1.5 cm.
- 2. After column preparation equilibrate the column with Binding buffer by washing with 5-10 column volumes. Recommended flow rates are 1-2 ml/min/cm<sup>2</sup>.
- 3. Bring the sample to room temperature. Apply the sample to column at a rate between 0.2 ml/min to 0.5 ml/min, using a syringe or a pump. The total volume of the sample applied is not critical in most cases. Save the flow through fraction for SDS-PAGE analysis.
- 4. Wash with x20 column volumes of Wash buffer (not supplied).
- 5. Elute with Elution buffer (not supplied), at flow rates of 1-2 ml/min/cm<sup>2</sup>. Two to five column volumes are usually needed for elution of the GST- tagged protein. Use the elution buffer as blank when doing the quantization of the target protein in eluted fractions.
- 6. Removal of Glutathione from eluted fraction. Use your method of choice (buffer exchange by gel filtration or dialysis) to remove glutathione from eluted fraction.

## D. Re-equilibration and Storage

- 1. Strip the column by washing it with 10 column volumes of Regeneration buffer.
- 2. Wash the column with 10 volumes of Column Equlibration buffer.
- 3. Storage conditions: Store column in a refrigerator with Storage buffer.